

# **US18 SERIES**

- analog output ultrasonic sensors

## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

#### CONTROLS

#### Programming push-button (TEACH)

**PWR LED indicator** 

ON Red (solid)

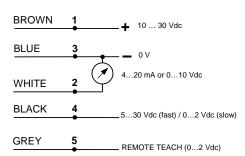
This push-button allows to program the reading points of the sensor

OFF	Power is OFF.
ON Red	Target is weak or outside sensing range.
ON Green	Sensor is operatine normally, good target.
OUT LED indicator	Indicates
OUT LED indicator OFF	Indicates  Target is outside windows limits

Indicates

#### CONNECTIONS

In TEACH mode, waiting for first limit



### M12 - 5 POLE CONNECTOR



# PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Ultrasonic sensors emit one or multiple pulses of ultrasonic energy, which travel through the air at the speed of sound. A portion of this energy reflects off the target and travels back to the sensor. The sensor measures the total time required for the energy to reach the target and return to the sensor. The distance to the object is then calculated using the following formula:

$$D = \frac{ct}{2}$$

- D = Distance from the sensor to the target C = Speed of sound in air
- t = Transit time for the ultrasonic pulse

#### Temperature Effects

The speed of sound is dependent upon the composition, pressure and temperature of the gas in which it is traveling. For most ultrasonic applications, the composition and pressure of the gas are relatively fixed, while the temperature may fluctuate.

To improve accuracy, an ultrasonic sensor may average the results of several pulses before outputting

In air, the speed of sound varies with temperature according to the following approximation:

$$C_{m/s} = 20 \sqrt{273 + T_C}$$

Cm/s = Speed of sound in meters per second

Changes in air temperature affect the speed of sound, which in turn affects the distance reading measured by the sensor. An increase in air temperature shifts both sensing window limits closer to the sensor. Conversely, a decrease in air temperature shifts both limits farther away from the sensor.

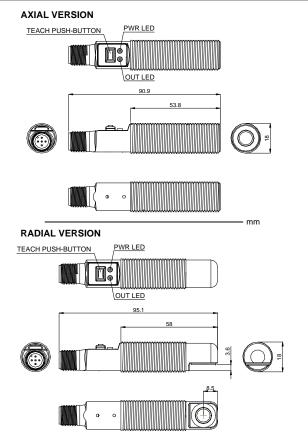
This shift is approximately 3.5% of the limit distance for a  $20^{\circ}$  C change in temperature. The US18 series ultrasonic sensors are temperature compensated. This reduces the error due to temperature by about 90%. The sensor will maintain its window limits to within 1.8% over the -20° to

- · Exposure to direct sunlight can affect the sensor's ability to accurately compensate for changes in
- If the sensor is measuring across a temperature gradient, the compensation will be less effective
- The temperature warmup drift upon power-up is less than 1.7% of the sensing distance. After 10 minutes, the apparent distance will be within 0.3% of the actual position. After 25 minutes, the sensing distance will be stable.

#### TECHNICAL DATA

TECHNICAL DATA				
	US18-PA AXIAL VERSION	US18-PR RADIAL VERSION		
Power supply:	10 30 Vdc (limit values),	reverse polarity protection		
Ripple:	≤ 2 V	рр		
Consumption	65mA max., 40 mA	typical @ 25 Vcc		
(load current excluded):		**		
Output configurations:	010 Vcc (volta			
	<ol> <li>420 mA (current output)</li> <li>overload and short circuit protection</li> </ol>			
Outputs:	Analog voltage output: 2.5 KΩ minimum load resistance. Minimum supply for a full 10V output is 12Vdc (for supply voltages between 10 and 12V, out max is at least V supply - 2)  Analog current output: 1KΩ max @ 24V input.			
	Max load resistance = (Vcc-4)/0.02 ohms For current output (4-20mA) models, ideal results are achieved whwn the total load resistance $R = [(Vin-3)/0.020]\Omega. \\ \underline{Example}, \text{ at Vin} = 24V, R \approx 1K\Omega \text{ (1watt)} \\ A worst case shift of 1% of sensing distance is caused by }$			
Output Response time	operating the sensor at Vin = 3  2.5 ms (Fast): pin 4 (black v			
(for a 95% step change):	2.5 ms (Fast): pin 4 (black wire) at 530 Vdc 30 ms (Slow): pin 4 (black wire) at 02 Vdc (or not connected)			
Max. switching frequency:	200 Hz (fast),	16 Hz (slow)		
Range indicator:	Green Target is within sensing range			
(Red/Green)	Red Target is outside sensing range OFF Sensing power is OFF			
Teach/Output indicator: (Yellow/Red)	Yellow Target is within sensing range OFF Target is outside taught window limits Red Sensor is in Teach mode			
Setting:	Sensing window limits: TEACH-Mode programming of near and far window limits may be set using the push button or remotely via TEACH input			
Delay at Power-up:	300 1			
Temperature effect:	0.02% of dis			
Temperature warmup drift:	less than 1.7% of sensing			
Linearity (note A):	2.5 ms response: ±1 mm 30 ms response: ±0.5 mm			
Resolution (note A):	2.5 ms response: 1 mm 30 ms response: 0.5 mm			
Minimum window size:	5 mm			
Ultrasonic emission:	300 KHz, rep. rate 2.5 ms			
Remote teach input:	Impedence: 12 KΩ			
Operating temperature:	-20 60 °C			
Storage temperature:	-25 70 °C			
Maximum relative humidity: Electrical shock protection:	100% Class 2			
Operating distance (typical values):	30300 mm			
Vibrations:	0.5 mm amplitude, 1055 Hz frequency, for every axis (EN60068-2-6)			
Reference standard:	EN60947-5-2			
Shock resistance:	11 ms (30 G) 6 shock for every axis (EN60068-2-27)			
Housing material:	Thermoplastic polyester			
Threaded barrel material:	ABS/PC			
Push-button material:	Santoprene			
Light pipes material:	Acrylic			
Mechanical protection: Connections:	IP67			
Weight:	M12 - 5 pole connector 25 q			
wogn.	25	9		

# **DIMENSIONS**



#### **SENSOR PROGRAMMING**

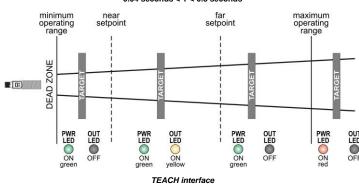
Two TEACH methods may be used to program the sensor

- Teach individual minimum and maximum limits.
  Use Auto-Window feature to center a sensing window around the taught position.

The sensor may be programmed either via its push button, or via a remote switch. Remote programming may be used to disable the push button, preventing unauthorized personnel from adjusting the programming settings. To access this feature, connect the Remote Teach wire of the sensor to 0 - 2V dc, with a remote programming switch between the sensor and the voltage. NOTE: The impedance of the Remote Teach input is 12 K $\Omega$ .

Programming is accomplished by following the sequence of input pulses (see chap. "Normally Open/Normally Closed operation select"). The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined as "T":

#### 0.04 seconds < T < 0.8 seconds

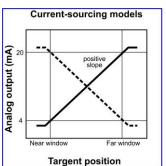


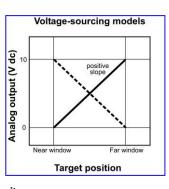
### **Analog Output Slope**

The sensor may be programmed for either a positive or a negative output slope, based on which limit is taught first (see pictures)

- If the Near limit is taught first, the slope will be positive
- . If the Far limit is taught first, the slope will be negative.

The analog output signal, is automatically distributed over the width of programmed sensing window. In the event of signal loss, the analog output goes to 3.6mA or 0Vdc, which may be used to trigger an





## **Teaching Minimum and Maximum Limits**

	Programming procedure			
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach)	Indicators LED	
Programming mode	Push and hold TEACH push-button	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	OUT LED: ON, RED PWR LED: ON Green (good signal) ON Red (no signal)	
TEACH	Position the target for the first limit	Position the target for the first limit	PWR LED: must be ON Green	
First limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: (Sensor learns the 0Vdc or 4mA limit) OUT LED, flashing Red Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, ON Red	
TEACH	Position the target for the second limit	Position the target for the second limit	PWR LED: must be ON Green	
Second limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: (Sensor learns the 10Vdc or 20mA limit)  OUT LED, Yellow or OFF  Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, flashing Red	

NOTE: The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined "T" (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s).

### Teaching limits using the Auto-Window feature

Teaching the same limit twice for the same output automatically centers a 100mm window on the

The analog output will be centered on the taught position at approximately 5V or 12mA.

	Programmir		
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach)	Indicators LED
Programming mode	Push and hold TEACH push-button	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	OUT LED: ON, Red PWR LED: ON Green (good signal) ON Red (no signal)
TEACH Limit	Position the target for the center of window	Position the target for the center of window	PWR LED: must be ON Green
	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, flashing, Red Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, ON Red
Re-TEACH Limit	Without moving the target, "click" the TEACH push-button again	Without moving the target, single-pulse the remote line again (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, Yellow or OFF Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, flashing, Red

#### **General Notes on Programming**

The sensor will return to RUN mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds. After the first limit is taught, the sensor will remain in PROGRAM mode until the TEACH sequence is

To exit PROGRAM mode without saving any changes, press and hold the programming push button > 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor will revert to the last saved program.

#### **TEACH** push-button lockout

Enables or disables the push button to prevent unauthorized personnel from adjusting the program

	Progra	E 11 (5) 11	
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach) 0.04 s < T < 0.8 s	Enable/Disable Function
TEACH Push- button lockout	Not available via push-button	Four impulse the remote line	Push-button are either enabled or disabled, depending on condition

#### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

We DATALOGIC AUTOMATION declare under our sole responsibility that these products are conform to the 2004/108/CE and successive amendments.

DATALOGIC AUTOMATION warrants its products to be free from defects.

DATALOGIC AUTOMATION will repair or replace, free of charge, any product found to be defective during the warranty period of 36 months from the manufacturing date.

This warranty does not cover damage or liability deriving from the improper application of DATALOGIC AUTOMATION products.

#### DATALOGIC AUTOMATION

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